

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

C. C. POWNING,

PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

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REASONS FOR SLOGGAGE.

During the early part of last September Mr. William Astor and family arrived in New York from Europe per White Star steamer Germania. They brought with them a large number of trunks, which contained new wearing apparel made abroad, and which the customs officers on the dock sent to the Appraiser's Department to have the proper value assessed thereon. The appraiser returned the clothing as dutiable to the amount of \$1,880, in which decision Collector Merritt coincided, and the money was duly paid. Mr. Astor, however, appealed to the Treasury Department and served upon the Collector a protest. This protest was received by the Collector September 30, 1878, and the appeal sent at the same time to the Treasury Department.

The Secretary of the Treasury, under date of November 7, 1878, approved of the Collector, and it was thought that here the case would rest. The other day, however, General Merritt was served with a summons in the case of William Astor vs. E. A. Merritt, to be tried in the Supreme Court of the county of New York. The case will be defended by the United States District Court. The decision in this action will be awaited with much interest by tourists, as it will establish the right or reverse of the United States authorities in compelling passengers to pay duty on personal baggage and wearing apparel.

While the decrees of the English Government forbidding the importation of live cattle strike a severe blow at a new branch of American commerce, there is consolation in the announcement that the Captain General of Cuba will permit the importation of cattle annually; and as the late revolution reduced all stock on "the ever faithful isle," there will, consequently, be a large market for American beefs. The distance from our Southern ports to Havana is but a few hundred miles and it is already stated that Texas, which has tens of thousands of surplus cattle, is making preparations to ship them to Cuba.

Those were significant and timely words uttered yesterday by Judge Briggs in his opinion in an action for libel against a witness. "The time will come, if this sort of thing is to continue when the who is summoned into court as a witness will not fail to do on the right everyone has—the right of answer in self defense."—Philadelphia Enquirer.

CARL VON NETZER, late professor of Mt. St. Mary's Academy in Reno, is prepared to receive pupils in Latin, German, French, Surveying, Essay Writing, Guitar, Singing, Drawing and Penning. Inquire at his residence in Moran's new building, Centre St., near the depot.

QUEEN'S NEW Preparation Syrup of Figs. An elegant substitute for Castor Oil and salts. It is a thorough, gentle purgative and pleasant to take. For sale only at Queen's Drug Store.

Don't forget that S. N. Davidson is the only reliable jewelry store in town and always pleases his customers, sells his goods reasonable and keeps a very fine assortment of rich and elegant jewelry.

Go to G. W. Cunningham's for choice mountain fruit of all kinds, wholesale and retail cheaper than any other house in town for quality and price. East side Virginia St., Reno.

The Jeweler War.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.—All those who think the rumor spread by a certain jeweler in town true, that I cannot repair watches and jewelry of all grades, will find their mistake by giving me a trial. The person who circulated the above cannot do work himself and in order not to allow his neighbor to live, says it cannot be done in Reno, thereby misleading the public and compelling them to send work to larger cities. Hence, when he has some difficult work to perform, he sends it to me to be done. I hope the public will no longer allow themselves to be misled, but will call at my store with the work other jewelers cannot do, and be convinced.

S. N. DAVIDSON.

TO THE PUBLIC—I challenge any one to prove that I have ever failed to give satisfaction. My work speaks for itself and my reputation is too well established to be injured by any slurs gratuitously spread by a business rival. I have said and still maintain that S. N. Davidson is no watchmaker. I do get my fine jewelry work done in San Francisco, but never yet have failed to give satisfaction both in price and workmanship, and the work is better than can be done in Reno. I can prove that on more than one occasion I have had jobs brought to my store to be remade that have been botched by S. N. Davidson.

LET THE PUBLIC JUDGE—I have naturally objected to Mr. I. Fredrick's unpleasant practice of misrepresenting the capacity of my establishment in the jewelry and watchmaking line. In return Mr. F. makes an exhibition of anger and forgetfulness which ought to be noticed by your readers as a natural curiosity. Mr. F. challenges me to prove that he has ever failed to give satisfaction. I do not desire to prove it. I know better, indeed, since Mr. F. has had all his intricate watch work done in my store since January 18th, 1878. The old gentleman has forgotten where his work was done. I help his memory, therefore, by citing these charges made against I. Fredrick on my watchmaker's books for watchwork, all of which he duly paid from January, 1878, to January, 1879, \$215 25. The books to that effect are open for inspection for any one wishing to see them. When my friend Mr. F. says that I never did work for him he does not mean that the work was not done in my shop, merely that I did not personally perform it. As testified by my work and hard earned certificate, I am a jeweler and always keep a first-class watchmaker employed. Mr. Fredrick is neither and gets violent as though I were to blame. Mr. F. is anxious to call me a liar. After showing the above figures I might perhaps retort in kind. If, however, the people will read these figures they will know how Mr. F. has been able to render satisfaction on their watches, and also see that it is entirely unnecessary for me to call the late gentleman any names.

S. N. DAVIDSON.

A FEW FACTS which I submit to the public for decision. For the purpose of withdrawing patronage from may send Mr. Davidson recently commenced a mean attack on me in the columns of the local papers, which I indignantly resented. When two persons flatly contradict each other the one or the other must lie. Let us see who did so in this instance:

Mr. Davidson wishes the public to believe that I have sent "all my intricate watchwork" to him personally. This is a gross misrepresentation of the facts, as I will show. I have employed Mr. W. Goeggel, who does his watchwork, to do my work occasionally—once when buying goods in San Francisco, on another occasion when sick, and sometimes when overcrowded with work—but this was at times when the gentleman was working for Mr. Davidson on commission ONLY, and therefore not strictly a clerk in his employ. Mr. D. received no benefit for work given out by me, and I hold and shall willingly exhibit to any one wishing to see them, receipts signed by said workman, in which Mr. Davidson's name is not even referred to—a most potent proof as to which of us lies. On examination of these receipts I find that

I have paid Mr. Goeggel from February 19th, 1878, to January 14th, 1879, just \$166 75, which represents only a small portion of my work during that time. Compare these figures with those of Mr. Davidson (\$215 25) and see who lies. Again the book in which Mr. Goeggel kept my account is his private property, and Mr. Davidson had no right whatever to examine it. As to my being neither watchmaker nor jeweler, I will leave that question to public judgment, although I may say I learned my trade in London, England, years ago, and although some what advanced in years, can hold my own in the former trade with any one, and the confidence my patrons have in me is sufficient guarantee of my status as a jeweler. In conclusion I will state, could this meet the eye of Mr. Davidson, and should he feel inclined to answer this, in order to draw out another reply from me, the gentleman can rest assured that I will no more pay attention to his misrepresentations, as I feel myself far above Mr. Davidson, either as a citizen or in business circles, and in all other respects, and as for integrity I can refer the public to the commercial world with pride, which I challenge Mr. Davidson to do.

I. FREDRICK.

TALK IN CHEAP.—And so are fine clothing, boots, shoes, and gentlemen's and boys' fine furnishing goods, if you go to the right place to get them. This is a mighty important point, for some people who assert that they sell cheap do nothing of the kind. I do not boast when I say that I defy competition in prices in anything in my line. Besides this I have only one price, I have no preferred customers. Everybody is treated alike at my establishment. My stock is the largest and most complete ever offered in any part of this State. Everything I have is new. No old, musty and out-of-date goods can be found on my shelves. I receive daily by rail and express the latest and best goods, which are obtained at first hand and sold at prices below those now prevailing in New York and Chicago. Let the people come and judge of my prices and examine my stock before going into those humbugging, Cheap John shops, in which they drum into the ear of the customer that they sell at cost and even below cost. Anybody with common sense must know that they lie. No store-keeper sells goods for the fun of the thing. I make a profit on everything I sell, as every honest merchant does, and don't print foolish falsehoods in the vain hope of deceiving the public. One must make a profit to live. I particularly call attention to my full stock of fancy underwear which is kept nowhere else in Reno. This class of goods forms one of my specialties. Remember the place, The White House, No. 19, Commercial Row. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

L. ABBAHAMS, White House, Reno.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.—Lubin's extracts for 7 bits, \$1 patent medicines for 7 bits, 75 cents patent medicines for 5 bits, Florida water for 4 bits. All other patent medicines and toilet preparations cheaper than can be bought elsewhere. Prescriptions carefully compounded at greatly reduced rates at Osburn & Shoemaker's drug store.

Go to the City Drug Store if you want pure, fresh drugs and medicines, hair and tooth brushes, Toilet Soaps, Lubin Extracts and Florida Water, and all articles usually kept in a drug store, sold cheap, for cash. Prescriptions accurately compounded, day and night.

MATHEWSON & MORAN, Commercial Row.

THE National gold medal was awarded to Bradley and Rolofson for the best Photographs in the United States, and the Vienna medal for the best in the world. 429 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

TO RENO—A comfortable house with four rooms, centrally located. Inquire of F. M. PAYNE.

MINT SALOON.

MARTIN SANDERS HAS TAKEN charge of this well known saloon, where he invites all his friends to visit him.

LIQUORS, WINES, CIGARS, ETC.

HAY FOR SALE.

350 TONS NO. 1 GRASS HAY for sale. Price \$10. Enquire at GEORGE ALT.

BANKING.

BANK OF

D. A. BENDER & CO.,

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

—Transacts—

GENERAL BANKING

—AND—

EXCHANGE BUSINESS.

BUY AND SELL

SILVER, COIN, CURRENCY, DONES-

TIC AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Mining "stocks, Bonds, Etc.

Careful Attention Paid to Collections and Returns Made on Day of Payment.

CORRESPONDENTS:

National Gold Bank of N. O. Mills & Co., Bank of California, San Francisco; Latham & King, Brokers, San Francisco; American Exchange National Bank, New York; Bank of Montreal, Montreal, Canada. We draw direct on all principal cities of Europe.

Agents for Imperial, Northern, Royal and Commercial Union, Queens, Union and Fireman's Fund Insurance Co., Commercial Capital and Assets, \$750,000,000.

OFFICE HOURS, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

RENO

SAVINGS BANK.

CAPITAL STOCK.....\$100,000

President.....M. C. LAKE, Vice President.....J. E. JONES, Manager.....JAS. H. KINKADE.

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Mining Stock, U. S. Bonds.

MAKE COLLECTIONS, RECEIVE DEPOSITS

And do general

BANKING BUSINESS.

Correspondents: Anglo-California Bank, Moore, J. & W. Seligman & Co., New York; Latham & King, Brokers, San Francisco.

AGENTS FOR

Phoenix of Hartford, Home of New York and London Assurance Insurance Companies, etc.

CNAS. KNUST,

DEALER

CIGARS, TOBACCO AND

SMOKERS' ARTICLES,

CIGARETTES, PIPES, CIGAR HOLDER

Cutlery, Fancy Goods,

STATIONERY, PENS AND INK,

SLATES AND PENCILS

Blanks of All Kinds,

PICTURES,

CHROMOS,

FRAMES,

MOULDINGS,

CANDLES, NOTES AND NOTIONS,

West Side of Virginia Street, Reno, Nev.

RENO EXCHANGE,

COMMERCIAL ROW, RENO, NEV.,

BLOCK & WHITE.....Proprietors.

Keep none but the best

WINES,

LIQUORS,

Havana and Domestic Cigars

a Specialty,

CALL AROUND AND SEE ME.

HOTELS.

DEPOT HOTEL

AT THE DEPOT, RENO, NEVADA,

WILLIAM E. CHAMBERLAIN, PROPRIETOR.

THIS house is situated beside the railroad track, and it is but a step from the building to the cars of the O. P. R. R. on one side and those of the V. & T. R. R. on the other.

ALL THE ATTRACTIVE OF A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED.

ALL THE PASSENGER TRAINS STOP In front of the Hotel.

The Office of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express is in this building.

Connected with this Hotel is a first-class LUNCHEON ROOM

—AND— OYSTER SALOON

Where passengers from the cars, and all others desiring a "square meal," can get Oysters in Every Style, Clams, Crabs, Pige Feet, Cold Meats, Hot Coffee and Tea, and other delicacies.

WM. E. CHAMBERLAIN, Proprietor.

ARCADE HOTEL,

OPPOSITE THE RAILROAD DEPOT.

Commercial Row, Reno, Nev.,

DAVE McFARLAND.....Proprietor.

THIS house is now open to all its branches and those in search of a desirable stopping place will find it greatly to their advantage to give me a call.

The Table is supplied with the best of the market, and well cooked and served.

The Bar is supplied with the choicest of everything.

The Hotel throughout is one of the best in the State. The rooms being all large, airy and well furnished.

GRANGER HOUSE.

THOS. E. HAWKINS.....Proprietor.

Opposite Reno Savings Bank, Cor. Virginia & Second Sts., Reno.

Having leased and renovated this well known stand I am prepared to wait on guests in the most approved style.

The Culinary Department will be under the entire supervision of Mr. Hawkins with accomplished waitresses to attend to a dining room.

The Bar will be supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Satisfaction guaranteed.

NO CHAMBER EMPLOYED

ON OR AROUND THE PREMISES.

RENO MARKET.

ON Commercial Row.

(One Door East of Masonic Hall.)

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

SKEP, POKE

MUTTON, VEAL,

LANS & SAUSAGES,

Of every description known in this market

H. M. BACON AND LARD

Prepared under the supervision of the Proprietors.

Meet delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.

HENRY RUHE.

F. C. UPDEKE.

O. W. CLARK.

UPDEKE & CLARK,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS

GRAINING AND GLAZING, ETC.,

PAPER HANGING,

Decorating in All its Branches

PAINTING & TINTING

A SPECIALTY.

Charges Down To Bedrock

WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

SHOP on Second street, between Virginia and Centre streets.

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NOTICE.

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF the State of Nevada, held in and for Washoe County—A. Simmons vs. H. A. Redford. N. H. is hereby given to all the creditors of said H. A. Redford, that the Assignee of the estate of said H. A. Redford has filed in this office a report with said estate, and said creditor, who is notified to be and appear before the Judge of the above entitled Court, on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day to show cause if any (they) have why said statement should not be accepted, and the funds of said estate distributed accordingly to its terms.

MA. F. PARRISH, Clerk of the Second Judicial Court in and for the county of Washoe, Reno, February 4th, 1879.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN BOWMAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, RENO, NEVADA.

Office in Odd Fellows' Building. Real estate bought and sold. Collections made on Commission. All business promptly attended to.

WILLIAM CAIN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, RENO, NEVADA.

District Attorney, Washoe Co., Nev. OFFICE—West side of Virginia street, east of Second.

CHARLES QUEEN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR, AT LAW,

Office with Thos. E. Hayden, Reno, Nev.

T. V. JULIEN.

H. A. WARD.

WALDO & JULIEN,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RENO, NEVADA.

Office in Journal Building.

WM. WEBSTER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

RENO, NEVADA.

Office on Second street, two doors below the Journal Building.

FRED HUTCHINS, M. D.

OFFICE—OLD FELLOWS' BUILDING,

RENO, NEVADA.

OFFICE HOURS—10 to 12 A. M.; 2 to 4 P. M.

Special attention paid to diseases of women and Surgery.

M. D. S. Examining Surgeon for Pensions.

W. BERGMAN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Reno, Washoe Co., Nev.

OFFICE—Second street, next door to Journal Building.

DR. LEWIS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office, opposite Noyes' Chop House.

Office Hours—8 to 10 A. M., 1 to 2 and P. M.

A. DAWSON, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office, east side of Virginia street, Reno Residence, West street, between Second and Commercial Row.

S. BISHOP, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

RENO, NEVADA.

Having located myself permanently in this place, with the purpose of giving my entire attention to practice, I am prepared to give my professional attention to those desiring the same. Particular attention given to cases in Surgery and Diseases of Women and Children.

M. D. S. Jones is my authorized collector.

CHAS. W. JONES,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

AND COLL. OR

FOR THE TOWN OF RENO.

Special attention given to Collections and Public business from abroad. Houses and Lots for sale and rent collected, and all business pertaining to real estate transacted.

Office with Justice of the Peace.

DHS. SHEETS & WAGER,

MECHANICAL AND SURGICAL DENTISTS

Rooms East Side of Virginia St.

(With Dr. Dawson.)

All work pertaining to the teeth performed in a neat and satisfactory manner. Friends and patrons of either party can secure the service of either, the same as usual.

H. B. MAXSON, C. E.

U. S. DEPUTY MINERAL SURVEYOR

For Nevada.

MINERAL SURVEYS MADE

JONES ON THE CHINESE

All the prominent members in the United States Senate have been speaking on the Chinese question during the last few days. Senator Jones concluded the debate on one side of the question, on Friday. The telegraph gives us this information: Jones took the floor and made an elaborate argument in favor of restricting Chinese immigration. He referred at length to their habits, and said in dexterity and imitiveness they had no superiors. He argued if they should be permitted to come here they would drive out the American laborer. All they needed was capital, and that they would speedily accumulate. Many more Chinamen would have been here if their immigration had not been checked by popular indignation. He spoke at length on the labor question, and argued that Chinese competition was dangerous to white labor, just as hard labor was prejudicial to it. The Chinese, under all circumstances, maintained their national character. Mr. Jones spoke about two hours, and ably discussed the questions involved in the bill from a great variety of standpoints, including especially those of political economy, ethnology and the laws of nations.

COST OF AN INSANE ASYLUM.

It would be simply insane to attempt to erect such an institution as is actually required for less than \$250,000. Can the State afford at the present time to indulge in a luxury of such doubtful utility and importance?—Gold Hill News.

LOGAN AT FORT DONELSON.

General John A. Logan, who was elected to the United States Senate by the republicans of the Illinois Legislature was found severely wounded on the battle field of Fort Donelson by Captain W. E. Bell, of Kentucky, who, thinking him dead, took off his splendid sword and belt and sent them to his family. Captain Bell, who was then a gallant Confederate soldier, came upon General Logan stretched out upon the ground, dressed in full regimentals; his arms folded across his breast, his eyes closed and giving no sign of life. While standing over, as he supposed, the dead body of the Federal colonel, Captain Bell was joined by Captain Mederia, a schoolmate. Mederia was deeply moved at what he thought to be the untimely fate of his youthful companion, and directed Captain Bell where to send the sword of the fallen chieftain. Logan was shot through the lungs, and his life hung on a thread for a long time. Mederia was afterward killed at Chickamauga.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT IN ENGLAND.

On the 23d ultimo Prof. Tyndall delivered a lecture before the Royal Institution in London on the new Electric Light. As an illustration of the great interest on the subject, the audience was very large, embracing many of the best educated people of the city. Dr. Tyndall gave it as his opinion that the Electric Light is certain to be used for public illumination, and for large manufactories; while for domestic purposes he holds that its general adoption is "possible" only.

THE PLAGUE IS RAPIDLY SPREADING IN RUSSIA.

The plague is rapidly spreading in Russia, and all the adjoining nations in Europe are taking vigorous measures to prevent the epidemic from reaching their territory. The best medical authorities of Austria and Germany express a belief that unless extraordinary sanitary precautions are at once resorted to, the pestilence will spread over Western Europe.

GEN. B. F. BUTLER HAS ACCEPTED AN INVITATION TO ADDRESS THE CATHOLIC SOCIETIES OF BOSTON ON ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Now for and eloquent oration on Erin's wrongs, on the battles of the Boyne, Vinegar Hill and Exford, with a graphic description of General Grant's repulse at Cork.

THOMAS NAST, THE CARICATURIST OF HARPER'S WEEKLY, HAS BEEN PRESENTED WITH A SILVER VASE ON BEHALF OF MORE THAN 3,000 OFFICERS AND PRIVATES IN THE ARMY AND NAVY.

In recognition of the patriotic use he has made of his rare abilities as an artist of the people.

ARIZONA IS BECOMING A NEWSPAPER COUNTRY.

There are nine weekly journals now published in that Territory, as follows: two at Prescott; one each at Phoenix and Yuma; four at Tucson; and one at Globe. Three of the above named are printed in Spanish.

THE REPUBLICAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS OF MICHIGAN THURSDAY EVENING NOMINATED ZACH CHANDLER FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.

This insures Mr. Chandler's election.

METEORIC STONES.

Mr. C. U. Shepard, of New Haven, Conn., has been keeping a catalogue of the meteoric stones found in various parts of the world. A letter from him states that he has been for forty years a diligent student of meteorology, and that he has accumulated the largest collection of meteoric stones in the United States, if not in the world. He forwards a catalogue of his collection, showing the number of stones and the date and locality of their fall. The collection embraces over five hundred meteoric stones and meteoric irons. The total weight of the collection is about 1,200 pounds. The largest iron, procured from Colorado, weighs 438 pounds, and the smallest, from Oregon county, New York, weighs half an ounce. The largest entire stone, procured from Muskingum county, Ohio, weighs 56 pounds, and the smallest one, from Sweden, weighs less than fifty grains. The specimens have been gathered from all parts of the world. The catalogue begins with one which fell November 7, 1492, in Alsce, and ends with one which fell February 12, 1875, in Iowa county, Iowa. There are 149 between 1492 and 1753, but most of the years since the latter date are represented, and some years by several specimens. Nearly every country in the known world is represented in the list. The entire collection is in one of the buildings of Amherst College. Mr. Shepard makes one statement which will surprise most persons. He says, "There have been several instances of deaths occasioned by meteoric stones. Two monks in different places were thus killed in Italy, and two sailors on shipboard in Sweden."

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Sylvette de Lucy, journalist and member of the French Academy is dead.

A Versailles dispatch says that Count de Montaliort has been elected Lieut. Senator.

Major Generals Creslock, Newcgate and Marshall, of the British Army, are ordered to Cape Colony.

A severe storm visited the coast of Galicia Friday. Two vessels went ashore and eight persons were drowned.

The President has approved the act to allow women to practice before the Supreme Court, also the naval appropriation bill.

The Spanish Cabinet Council, under the Presidency of King Alfonso, has fixed five years as the duration of the present Cortes.

A London dispatch says that Edward O'Kelly, the Fenian prisoner, will be released from Spike Island on condition of quitting the country.

The lower Hayes cotton mill at Macclesfield, England, employing 1,000 hands, has given notice that it will close indefinitely in consequence of the depression in traffic.

Tattersall's stables, New York, were burned Thursday night with over sixty out of eighty horses in the stables. Some of the animals were valuable roadsters. Two firemen were severely injured by the roof falling.

Count Stolberg in the German Parliament Friday presented a declaration that a partial state of siege of Berlin was necessary to suppress the Socialist propaganda, and to prevent communication between foreign and German Socialists.

A MEETING of protesting policy holders, representing some \$2,000,000, was held Tuesday in Boston to discuss the rebate plan of the Mutual Life Insurance Company. It was voted to appoint a permanent committee to take the whole subject of opposing the rebate under consideration.

A MOVEMENT for a great International Exhibition in New York city in 1889 has been inaugurated by the appointment of an executive committee to arrange for a mass meeting in that city April 30.

TYPHOID fever has broken out among the prisoners in the San Francisco County Jail. The sickness is alleged to be due to the overcrowded condition of the jail.

A decision has just been rendered at the Vatican to create certain new dioceses in the United States, in consequence of the growth of the church in that country.

At the North Consolidated Virginia they are actively engaged in putting in place their new machinery.

Gov. Kirkhead has signed the Williams Beagan Bill.

ABOUT COUNTERFEITING.

The amount of counterfeit coin in circulation in the United States is said to be \$2,000,000, besides the great number of genuine pieces made fraudulent by the removal of part of the metal. Wholly spurious coins are almost always lighter than the good ones, but an exception described by the Scientific American, is a \$5 piece made of gold and silver, and really costing the counterfeiter \$3.40 each. Various ingenious modes are used in stealing gold from coins. The most common is "sawing," which is done by using the coin as the anode in an electroplating bath, the gold being abstracted from it and deposited on another surface. As much as two dollars' worth of gold can be taken in this way from a double eagle without making a difference that is readily detected except by weight. A less scientific plan is to file the smooth parts of the surface, and reburnish the spots. The most extensive fraud is "splitting." The operator saws the coin through nearly, gouges out the center until only a thin shell is left, substitutes a base metal and joins the parts again. The ring of the coin is destroyed and the weight lessened. Sometimes holes are bored into the edge, and plugs of lead put in.

The dangerous coin counterfeits referred to are such as those which were recently detected at the United States Treasury in New York. Three were twenty dollar gold pieces, that had passed the ordeal of the Bank of England, and were detected only when they came within range of the optics of some of Uncle Sam's officials. They had been bored from the edge and \$14 worth of gold extracted, the hole being filled up with some composition with which exact weight was made. This substitution was all the more ingenious and startling for the reason that the bar to such counterfeiting previously had been the lack of something heavy enough and cheap enough to take the place of gold.

It was almost an axiom of the bankers that when a gold coin was the right size and exact weight it must be genuine, for the reason that it would be impossible to make a substitution for an extracted portion of it with anything but platinum or some composition of platinum or other heavy metal, dearer, commercially, than gold itself, weight for weight. Some nice calculations had been made in the coins referred to, both as to these points and doubtless also as to what is called "the limit of tolerance." This is the allowance for reasonable wear and is measured by the age of the coin. An old coin which has lost by wear not more than a certain percentage of its original weight is accepted at its full weight, and is a legal tender, so to speak, for its face value at the United States Treasury in all cases.

WHEN A Bodieite wants to reach Sacramento, the Capital of his State, he has to come around by way of Carson, the Capital of Nevada, and then travel about 300 miles further. In self defense, the people of that flourishing camp ought to demand their annexation to the Silver State, where their interests center and from whence they secure their principal support.

Natural divisions of mountains separate the Bodie country from the rest of California. If the political divisions do not conform therewith it is not our fault. In matters of news, therefore, we have concluded to treat Bodie as part of Nevada.

TRUCKEE ITEMS.

[Republican, 15th.] There is a great deal of sickness in Truckee at present.

There is not over three feet of snow on the Summit, and that is so rain soaked as to be soft and slushy.

Capt. Avery and his party succeeded in breaking the road to Tallies last Sunday. They also repaired the telephone line and placed it in perfect working order.

The Truckee and its tributaries are flooded, booming, rampant. Prosser creek overflows the Prosser meadows, and forms an average sized lake. Martin Valley and the Donner meadows are also submerged.

Twenty five candidates (Celestial) were initiated into the mysteries of Chinese Free Masonry at the old Schaffer house across the river, Wednesday night. The ceremonies lasted all night and until nine o'clock Thursday morning. A grand feast, a horrible noise, intense enthusiasm were the prominent characteristics of the performance.

SOME statistical genius has contributed to the Philadelphia Times a table of wages, and the cost of living, since A. D. 1570. This is going back too far. In the sixteenth century there was no dried bull beef, Bologna sausages, nor lager beer.

THE ARLINGTON ESTATE.

For ten years or more the heirs of George Washington Parke Custis (who was named in the family of George Washington,) have had a case against the Government for the recovery of the "Arlington Estate," which was the homestead of Mr. Custis, and is located on the north bank of the Potomac river, directly opposite the city of Washington. General Robert E. Lee, the great military leader of the Confederate army, married into the Custis family, and at the breaking out of the Rebellion his wife and children were living on the estate. Owing to the disloyalty of Lee, the Government seized, and confiscated this estate, which comprised seven hundred acres. It was put up at public sale, on the claim of unpaid taxes, and was bought in a legal manner by the Government. After the war the heirs of General Lee sued through the Virginia courts for the recovery of the estate, which was decided in their favor, mainly on the ground that the sale of the estate under the confiscation act, and its purchase by the Federal Government, were illegal, as the claim for taxes might have been satisfied by the furniture and chattels on the estate.

The Government appeals from this decision, and it is now before the United States Supreme Court, which we think will sustain the previous decision in favor of Lee's heirs. On this estate is a National Cemetery, wherein are buried fifteen thousand Union soldiers, who died either in battle or in the hospitals at Washington and vicinity. The heirs, it is said, are willing to sell all or part of the estate if their claim is sustained, and have no desire to disturb the resting place of so many gallant soldiers. A bill is before Congress for the purchase of Arlington, which foreshadows a decision against the Government.

DISTRESS THROUGHOUT EUROPE.

At a meeting of the master cotton spinners of Bolton and Bolton District Wednesday it was resolved to reduce the wages of operatives ten per cent. It is said at Liverpool that a few of the striking dock laborers have submitted to the reduction of wages. Some additional laborers were obtained from Glasgow and Bristol, and the steamers City of Richmond, for New York, and Hibernia, for Baltimore, were thus enabled to sail as advertised. The majority of the strikers, however, remained firm. Mr. William Rathbone, member of Parliament from Liverpool, was very ill received when he recommended at a mass meeting arbitration and submission pending the result. The distress among the laboring population of Glasgow is beginning to decrease and the number on the roll of the unemployed is gradually diminished. The number of new applications for relief was lower by 300 for the week ending February 8th than in any preceding week. A number of regular recipients of relief have voluntarily given up their tickets and intimated that they would not require further assistance, as they had found employment. The number on the roll is still about ten thousand. This means that, including their dependents, about thirty thousand persons are still supported by charity.

The recent billiard tournament has again proved the "glorious uncertainty" of the game, and experts and others are giving attention to details looking to an improvement. Among the many propositions advanced for a new game are these:

First—Forbidding mass shots.

Second—Forbidding "nursing."

Third—If "nursing" be allowed, the balls to be respotted after runs of 30.

Fourth—No carom to count unless a cushion is made.

Fifth—The game to be with two balls only, the object ball to be hit twice.

Correspondents are flooding the newspapers with all manner of devices to do away with a game that has become with professionals altogether too simple. A correspondent in the New York Sun makes this point: "For example, each of the players at the conclusion of his thirty-ninth inning has 581. One of them runs 19 and is given the game. Does that give his opponent a fair show? Certainly one of the players has had 40 chances, and his opponent only 39."

The French experts, Garnier, Radolphe and Vignaux, are earnestly in favor of some modification of the game, while the Americans view the proposition coldly or positively oppose it.

As a "Reform" candidate Mr. Tilden was grotesque enough, but his race in 1880, decorated with a coat of whitewash, will be so irresistibly funny that Nast can add no harm to it.

NATIONAL QUARANTINE.

The select committee of the United States Senate appointed to investigate the subject of the introduction of epidemic diseases and to suggest preventative measures has reported in favor of the organization of a national quarantine system, for simple and urgent reasons. It is established by the testimony of experts that yellow fever and cholera never originate in this country, but are brought here from other places. It might have added the plague to its category, as we may possibly have to deal with that one of these days. Further, that the only hope of escape from the importation of these destructive maladies is in an effective quarantine, and that quarantine, as it deals with foreign commerce between the States, is naturally and constitutionally a concern of the federal government—all of which is sound. The bill submitted creates a national board of health, of which the Surgeon General of the army and the Surgeon General of the navy are ex-officio members, and which has the government of the marine hospitals and can call upon our representatives abroad for information as to the health of different places. It is not intended to interfere with any State establishments, but to organize a service that shall cover persons whom State authorities cannot reach.

PRESIDENT GRIVY, OF FRANCE, IS UNDOUBTEDLY FATTERED BY HIS RECENT GOOD LUCK.

but there will do one drawback to his domestic felicity while at the head of the Republic. He separated from his wife four years ago, and recently his only daughter got into an unpleasant scrape with Capon, the famous singer. This confirms the old story that "there is a skeleton in every house."

THE CRADLE.

KIRLEY, New York, February 14th, 1879, to the wife of M. D. Riley: a daughter.

NEW TO-DAY.

MARK BARNETT, No. 9, VIRGINIA ST., RENO, NEVADA. Has consented to give a

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE! GRAND CLEARANCE SALE! GRAND CLEARANCE SALE! GRAND CLEARANCE SALE!

FOR THIRTY DAYS. FOR THIRTY DAYS. FOR THIRTY DAYS. FOR THIRTY DAYS.

BOOTS AND SHOES! BOOTS AND SHOES! BOOTS AND SHOES! BOOTS AND SHOES!

As he wants to make room for his

EASTERN STOCK! EASTERN STOCK! EASTERN STOCK! EASTERN STOCK!

And Will Sell All Goods at a Very

SMALL PROFIT! SMALL PROFIT! SMALL PROFIT! SMALL PROFIT!

Mark also says that he makes to order the neatest and best fitting BOOTS or SHOES in the State. Guarantee a perfect fit.

Give me a call and convince yourself before going elsewhere. Mark Barnett.

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BENEVOLENT SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F.

meet at their Hall, east side of Virginia street, Reno, every Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. A punctual attendance on these meetings is requested. All members whose good standing is cordially invited to attend.

J. O. HAYNES, B. O.

J. V. FENNA, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

RENO LODGE NO. 19, IN
dependent Order of Odd Fellows
meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, over
the Congregational Church, every
Thursday evening. A punctual attendance
on these meetings is requested. All members
whose good standing is cordially invited to attend.

H. O. SHREVE, Secretary.

WYASHOE ENCAMPMENT NO. 2

meets at Odd Fellows Hall, over the Congrega-
tional Church, every Friday evening at
8 o'clock. A general attendance of members
is requested. All visiting members in good stand-
ing are invited to attend.

W. SANFERS, E. C.
S. E. KIMBALL, W. S.

O. OF C.

ENCAMPMENT NO. 57, OF SENO,
hold regular meetings at Odd Fellows
Hall, over the Congregational Church every 1st &
3d Monday at 7 P M sharp. All brothers
in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

R. FRASER, Chd.
M. D. BOWEN, Secretary.

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TREATH ALL

YOUNG MEN
WHO MAY BE SUFFERING FROM THE
effects of youthful follies or indiscretions will do well to avail themselves of this, the greatest boon ever laid at the altar of suffering humanity. DR. SPINNEY will guarantee to refund \$500 for every case of physical weakness or private disease of any kind or character which sends patients not fairly cured.

These are many at the age of thirty to sixty who are troubled with too frequent evacuation of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight

the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposit, a sediment will often be found and sometimes small particles of albumen will appear. The color will be of a thin milky hue, sometimes hanging to a dark and turbid appearance. There are many men die of this difficulty ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of syphilis, weakness. Dr. B. will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and a healthy restoration of the system.

from 10 to 11 A. M. Consultation free. Thorough examination and advice, \$5.

DR. SPINNEY & CO.,
No. 11 Kearney St., San Francisco.
April 17

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE E

JOHN MARSHALL, deceased, to the creditors and all persons having claims against the

vouchers, within three months after the first
 publication of this notice to said administrator
 at the Court House in Washoe county, Nevada.
 N. C. HARTUND,
 Administrator of the estate of John Marshall
 deceased.
 Reno, Dec 3, 1878-td

CAME TO MY RANCH NEAR FRANKTOWN
on Jan. 17, 1879, one white cow, branded

bits, one on each ear with hip knocked down
the owner can get the cow by proving prop-
erty and paying costs
GEO. H. DOUGLAS, Franktown
Reno, Jan 18, 1879.